## **REVIEW:** Counting Principle

## Key Concept and Vocabulary

Event 1 can occur in m ways. Event 2 can occur in n ways.

Event 1 followed by Event 2 can occur in  $m \times n$  ways.



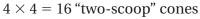


#### Name \_\_\_\_\_

### **Visual Model**

4 flavor choices for 1st scoop

4 flavor choices for 2nd scoop





### **Skill Example**

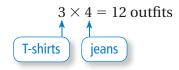
**1.** Event 1 can occur in 6 ways. Event 2 can occur in 3 ways.

Event 1 followed by Event 2 can occur in

$$6 \times 3 = 18$$
 ways.

### **Application Example**

**2.** How many outfits can you make using 3 T-shirts and 4 pairs of jeans?



• You can make 12 different outfits.

# PRACTICE MAKES PURR-FECT

Check your answers at BigIdeasMath.com. —

Find the number of ways that Event 1 can occur followed by Event 2.

- **3.** Event 1 can occur in 5 ways. Event 2 can occur in 6 ways.
- **5.** Event 1 can occur in 11 ways. Event 2 can occur in 11 ways.

- **4.** Event 1 can occur in 10 ways. Event 2 can occur in 3 ways.
- **6.** Event 1 can occur in 14 ways. Event 2 can occur in 4 ways.

Find the number of ways that Event 1 can occur followed by Event 2, followed by Event 3.

7. Event 1 can occur in 2 ways. Event 2 can occur in 4 ways. Event 3 can occur in 5 ways. 8. Event 1 can occur in 8 ways. Event 2 can occur in 7 ways. Event 3 can occur in 6 ways.

- **9. OUTFITS** How many different outfits can you make using the T-shirts and jeans shown at the right?
- **10. OUTFITS** How many of the outfits have the gray jeans?

