REVIEW: Multiplying Fractions


Name $\qquad$

## Visual Model



## Skill Examples

1. $\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4}=\frac{2 \cdot 1}{3 \cdot 4}=\frac{2}{12}=\frac{1}{6}$
2. $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{2}{9}=\frac{3 \cdot 2}{8 \cdot 9}=\frac{6}{72}=\frac{1}{12}$
3. $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)=\frac{2 \cdot 1}{5 \cdot 4}=\frac{2}{20}=\frac{1}{10}$
4. $\frac{1}{7} \cdot \frac{3}{5}=\frac{1 \cdot 3}{7 \cdot 5}=\frac{3}{35}$

## Application Example

5. A recipe calls for three-fourths cup of flour. You want to make one-half of the recipe.
How much flour should you use?

$$
\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{4}=\frac{1 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 4}=\frac{3}{8}
$$

$\therefore$ You should use $\frac{3}{8}$ cup flour.

## PRACTICE makes PURR-FECT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

Find the product. Write your answer in simplified form.
6. $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{7}=$ $\qquad$ 7. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}=$ $\qquad$
8. $\frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{3}{10}=$ $\qquad$
9. $\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{2}{5}=$ $\qquad$
10. $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{2}=$ $\qquad$
11. $\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)=$ $\qquad$
12. $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2}=$ $\qquad$
13. $\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3}=$
$\qquad$
14. $\left(\frac{3}{1}\right)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)=$ $\qquad$ 15. $2 \cdot \frac{1}{4}=$ $\qquad$ 16. $3 \times \frac{3}{4}=$ $\qquad$ 17. $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{5}=$ $\qquad$

Find the area of the rectangle or parallelogram.
18.

19.

20.

Area $=$ $\qquad$
Area $=$ $\qquad$

Area $=$
21.


Area $=$ $\qquad$
22. OPEN-ENDED Find three different pairs of fractions that have the same product.


